

THE WEATHER PREDICTION—
Fair tonight;
high temperature;
light southerly winds.

NUMBER 1225.

WASHINGTON, MONDAY, JULY 3, 1899.

PRICE ONE CENT.

MORE TROOPS FOR OTIS

Nine Regiments of Volunteers to Go to Manila.

Official Acknowledgment of the Intentions of the Administration in regard to the organization of the volunteer regiments for service in the Philippines was obtained today from Adjutant General Corbin.

There will be nine regiments of 1,200 each, or nearly 12,000 men in all. This will give General Otis a total enlisted strength of about 42,000 men. Orders for the enlistment of volunteers have been sent to the seventy army recruiting stations, but will not be carried into effect until released by telegraph. The release will be sent as soon as the War Department has ascertained whether the regular army is up to its authorized strength of 65,000. In a telegram to the Adjutant General Major General Otis says that he needs something more than 6,000 recruits to fill vacancies in the regular regiments now in the Philippines.

The records of the recruiting branch of the Adjutant General's Office are being examined today to ascertain whether a number of recruits on hand is sufficient to fill up these regiments. More than 2,000 recruits are now on their way to Manila and the Adjutant General believes that he has the other 4,000 at the various recruiting stations and at San Francisco. If this belief is confirmed the enlistments of volunteers will begin immediately.

In his dispatch General Otis gives the number of regulars able to perform active duty. All the men not fit for duty are included in the 4,000 and more whose places are to be filled by recruits from the United States.

POLITICS TO CUT NO FIGURE.

Assurances of the President Concerning Army Appointments.

Representatives Bankhead of Alabama, Adamson and Griggs of Georgia called on President McKinley this morning to see how the South was to be treated in the matter of appointments in the volunteer regiments that are to be raised and officered.

"Mr. McKinley told us," said Mr. Bankhead, "that besides the three regiments which are to be filled up in Manila eight more were to be raised in this country. He also said he should make the appointments of officers without regard to politics. He wanted the whole country to feel that it was his war and should endeavor to have all sections represented."

THE FOURTH AT MANILA.

The Day to Be Celebrated with Parades and Speechmaking.

Manila, July 3.—(7:35 p. m.)—The great preparations have been made for the celebration of the Fourth in Manila tomorrow. There will be a parade of school children, headed by the bands of the American troops and the local bands, and speeches at the Soldiers' Institute, at which Colonel Dwyer will preside. In the evening there will be a grand display of fireworks on the Luneta. All of the batteries will join in firing a salute at noon.

General Otis has issued a general order in which he highly commends the volunteer soldiers, and especially for their conduct in the strained times previous to the insurrection.

General Lawton, who, with Colonel Dwyer and Prof. F. M. Smith, of the Philippine Commission, has been visiting Las Pinas, for the purpose of establishing a civil government at that place as the beginning of the Philippine republic, has returned to Manila. He is greatly pleased with the success of his visit. He established a civil government at Las Pinas, installing natives in the various offices and established a censorship over the local press. The outlook, he says, is very promising.

A slight disturbance is reported in the east of the island of Negros, in which one man was killed.

MOVEMENTS OF WARSHIPS.

The Boston Reaches Yokohama on Her Homeward Voyage.

The tug Potomac will tow the gunboat Blue from Manila to Port Royal, S. C. The tug Potomac will also tow the gunboat Blue from Manila to Port Royal, S. C. The tug Potomac will also tow the gunboat Blue from Manila to Port Royal, S. C.

MR. WILLETT SWORN IN.

He Qualifies as Superintendent of the City Postoffice.

Former Postmaster James P. Willett was sworn in as Superintendent of the City Postoffice. The oath was administered to him by Postmaster Morris. Mr. Willett said to receive the notice of his appointment on Saturday, and hence could not enter upon the discharge of his duties before today. He said that the Postmaster Morris was very kind and that the former Postmaster General Heath, who informed him that the appointment had been made.

Mr. Heath seemed somewhat surprised when Mr. Willett stated that he had not taken the oath of office. It was finally decided that Mr. Willett was to be sworn in at the City Postoffice, and the oath was administered to him as stated. Thus the former Postmaster has been out of official harness only two days.

Charles Victor Cherubini Dead.

Paris, July 3.—Charles Victor Cherubini, the distinguished French litterateur, is dead. He was seventy years of age.

Low Rate to Los Angeles, Cal., and Return via Pennsylvania Railroad.

Account meeting of the National Association. Tickets on sale June 24 to July 7, good to return until September 3. For further information apply to ticket agents.

Tiffany Book Oil, \$1.00. A dust layer. P. & Warren Co., 515 Ninth st.

Frank Libbey & Co., 6th & N. Y. Ave. Give lowest estimates on lumber and dry.

DREYFUS AND HIS COUNSEL.

An Interview Held in the Rennes Prison This Morning.

Rennes, July 3.—M. Demange and Laboulaye, counsel for the prisoner, conferred with Dreyfus in the prison today, the interview lasting from 10 o'clock until 12:30 p. m. They found him well physically and mentally. Dreyfus thanked M. Laboulaye warmly for the efforts which the advocate had made in his behalf.

The judgment of the Court of Cassation in the matter of the revision of his case was read to Dreyfus this morning.

DREYFUS IN BETTER SPIRITS.

Confident of His Acquittal by the Court-Martial.

Rennes, France, July 3.—Madame Dreyfus had another interview with her husband in the prison yesterday. She found him in much better spirits. He received her with smiles and shed no tears at any time during the meeting. Captain Dreyfus is suffering from indigestion, owing to the excessive use of quinine at Devil's Island, the preventive of malarial attacks.

Captain Dreyfus is confident of his triumph acquittal by the court-martial. He is taciturn toward his guards and the prison authorities. The only request he has made of them is that he be furnished with the army list. He also asked that his brother Mathieu write to the commandant of the prison. He is still imperfectly acquainted with the happenings since his conviction.

DEROULEDE WILL ACQUIESCE.

Defines His Position Should Dreyfus Receive an Acquittal.

Paris, July 3.—Paul Droulede in a speech at St. Cloud last evening declared that he would accept without question the decision of the court-martial in the coming trial of Dreyfus at Rennes.

Moreover he would demand the punishment of the ministers responsible for the decision for allowing Dreyfus to be acquitted guilty if it were shown that he was really innocent.

A CHATEAU FOR DREYFUS.

If Acquitted He May Recupate at Marchais.

Paris, July 3.—The "Figaro," says that Prince Albert, of Monaco, has placed his Chateau at Marchais, in the department of Aisne, at the disposal of Captain Dreyfus, where, in the event of his regaining his liberty as the result of his coming court-martial at Rennes, he may spend a season of rest and recuperation.

DECLINED TO MEDIATE.

A Newspaper Story of England Asking America's Good Offices.

Berlin, July 3.—The "Cologne Gazette," Berlin correspondent telegraphs to that paper the statement that England has asked the United States to mediate in the Transvaal matter, but without success. The "Gazette" connects with this statement the journey of United States Admiral Howison to Lorenzo Marques and Pretoria.

NICHOLAS DEAF TO ENTREATY.

Declines to Receive an Address on Finnish Questions.

Copenhagen, July 3.—A despatch received here from St. Petersburg, says that a deputation composed of eminent jurists and politicians representing all of the countries in Europe have tried and failed in the attempt to obtain an audience with the Czar for the purpose of presenting an address on the Finnish question.

RIOTING NEAR BARCELONA.

Violent Speeches Made at a Meeting Held Yesterday.

Barcelona, Spain, July 3.—An angry mass meeting was held at Badalona, a town near this city yesterday, at which violent speeches were made and resolutions passed demanding the liberation of the anarchists confined in the Mont Juich prison.

After the meeting there was a street fight between the mob and the police and the crowd leaving the bull fight attacked a party of monks who had just arrived from the Philippines. The monks were rescued by the police. The mob then swarmed through the streets, smashing churches, street cars, etc. The shops were closed.

Troops continued patrolling the town but were unable to suppress the demonstrations. The mob is still riotous.

HONORS TO AMERICAN LADIES.

Luncheon in London to International Congress Delegates.

London, July 3.—The London Society of American Women gave a luncheon at the Hotel Cecil, at 12:45 o'clock this afternoon in honor of the American delegates to the Women's International Congress. Mrs. Hughes Griffin, the President of the society, occupied the chair, flanked by Lady Aberdeen, the President of the Women's League, and Mrs. C. W. Smith, the President of the American branch of the League.

The ladies were decorated with red, white and blue flowers and American and British flags were displayed behind the chair of the President.

Mrs. Hughes Griffin delivered an address of welcome to the American delegates, and Lady Aberdeen, on behalf of the Women's International Council, thanked the American women for the help and inspiration they had given to women in general. "We are indebted to the American women," she said, "for many grand ideas. Much of the increased brightness of our lives is due to the fact that it is now granted that women have a sense of humor."

Mrs. Mary Wright Sewall, vice president of the International Council, said that America was becoming a country that by the necessity of its institutions and relationships must move toward internationalism. Mrs. Charlotte Stetson and Mrs. Crowley also spoke.

The Royal Niger Company's Charter.

London, July 3.—In the House of Commons today, the government announced that it proposed to pay the Royal Niger Company the sum of £865,000 for the revocation of its charter and surrender of all of its rights.

Fourth of July Rates on Pennsylvania Railroad.

Only \$1.25 Washington to Baltimore and return July 2, 3, and 4, and good to return until July 5. All trains except Congressional Limited.

Christian Endeavor Convention at Detroit.

The Pennsylvania Railroad will sell July 3, 4, and 5 round trip tickets between Washington and Detroit at rate of one fare. For detailed information, see ticket agents.

Flynn's Business College, 8th and K.

Summer Course; Day or Night. \$5.00.

We undersell everyone on Boards

that are full inch thick, bright and dry.

SEVEN MONTHS OF RAIN

General Harrison Gray Otis Talks of Philippine Weather.

In the Wet Season Mountain Tops Are Marshes—Fifty Thousand Men Would End the Rebellion—Tagalos the Only Tribe Resisting the Authority of American Government.

Brig. Gen. Harrison Gray Otis, of Los Angeles, Cal., was at the War Department today in consultation with Secretary Alger and Adjutant General Corbin. General Otis told The Evening Times representative that his visit to Washington had not been made in the suggestion of any body in official or private life, and that it had no connection with any official position.

"I had to go to New York in connection with my California newspaper," he said, "and I naturally came to Washington, where I have many friends, having resided here nine years. I came here also to settle up some things about my military position. No, I think I am not going back to the Philippines."

In answer to an enquiry as to how many men were needed to suppress the Philippine insurrection, General Otis said: "I do not pretend to be an authority in the matter, but it is my opinion, and I have expressed it frequently, that with 50,000 men Otis could end all resistance to American authority very soon. I mean by this that with 50,000 men we can do the work quickly. The insurrection is a local matter and what we take. But I want to say that the troops there are sufficient to win every Filipino now under arms in the Luzon. We have never lost a battle and we have driven them back every time."

"It is a mistake to suppose that the rainy season lasts only a few months. I have seen statements in the newspapers over here that the rainy period will end about September 15. That is untrue, and such false statements will tend to cause dissatisfaction among the American people, who will not understand why active operations are not resumed at that time. The rainy season lasts from the May 1 to December 1, but there is a short period of dry weather in the latter part of the season. It begins then the suspension of operations is not necessary because the ground has not become sufficiently soaked. Last year the rainy season stopped suddenly on December 1. We had a heavy rain on the last day of November and a slight shower on the next day. Then the rain ceased."

"The country dries quickly and in a few weeks the roads are as hard as can be. During the rainy season the whole of Luzon is a bog. Even the mountain tops are marshes. I can give you an illustration of how sudden is the change from wet to dry. The country in Luzon is much healthier than Manila, and the men have fared better sleeping out under the mangrove trees than they did while quartered in the city."

"The year in Luzon is divided into about three-quarters rain and one-quarter dry. A hundred inches of rain falls in the wet season. One year the country in Luzon had only 70 inches was called exceptionally dry. I obtained these figures from the Manila observatory."

"The only trouble opposing the United States in Luzon, I believe that the rebellion will end when their resistance has been quelled."

General Otis is among those whose names have been mentioned to succeed Secretary Alger when that gentleman retires from the Cabinet. He, however, to depict emphatically that his visit to Washington had no connection with the Philippine matter.

He is here to settle his accounts with the War Department prior to being mustered out of the service. Nothing, he says, has been said about the matter of the retirement of Secretary Alger.

General Otis had an interview with President McKinley this afternoon. He will in all probability remain in Washington for several days.

TO REST IN ARLINGTON.

Funeral of General Wright Will Be Held Wednesday.

The funeral of the late Gen. Horatio G. Wright, who died yesterday morning, will be held Wednesday afternoon at 4 o'clock from his late home, 1203 N Street northwest.

Interment will be made in Arlington with military honors.

In Search of a Hundred Millions.

Canton, Ohio, July 3.—Fred Lindman, of this city, today left for Clifford, Canada, where he is going to look up a fortune. It is claimed that Ewart Brecker left an estate in British Guiana about a century ago worth about \$50,000,000. Lindman and a number of other Canton people are heirs and they have raised a fund to send Lindman to try and get possession of the property, which is now worth \$100,000,000.

Faith Cured Declared Insane.

New York, July 3.—Nellie Nameroff, who became insane while in the asylum of Paul Anderson, on East Broadway, Elizabeth, N. J., Friday night, was examined by Dr. Bailey and Dr. Doan yesterday and declared insane on religious subjects. He was sent to the Morris Plains Asylum, Hamer was a member of the Elizabeth Salvation Army, and it is said, was also a Christian Scientist. He attended many meetings in the chapel of the faith cure in East Grand Street, Elizabeth, and was also a member of a church in New York City.

Sloan Satisfies Winterbourne.

London, July 3.—The announcement made on Friday that Tod Sloan had settled his difficulty with the water, Winterbourne, whom he assaulted with a bottle at Ascot a fortnight ago, by paying him £250, is confirmed and the affair is finally closed.

General Brooke's Death Reported.

The following despatch was received yesterday from Havana:

Vedado, Havana, July 2, 1899. Death report, Lt. Matanzas: J. S. Sparks, civilian employe, quartermaster, June 30, rheumatic fever.

BROOKE, Commanding.

Get our cash prices on Faints, Oils, and Glass.

P. S. Warren Co., 515 Ninth st.

\$1.25 to Baltimore and Return \$1.25

via R. & O. R. R., July 2, 3, and 4, and good to return until July 5. All trains except Royal Limited. Take the 45-minute Flyers.

4th July at Bay Ridge.

Trains from B. & O. depot that day, 9:30 a. m., 1:30, and 4:30 p. m.

1 1/2 cts. per square foot for the

best North Carolina pine boards.

FATAL POLITICAL AFFRAY.

State Senator Flannagan Killed by Attorney Pilkinton.

Richmond, Va., July 3.—W. G. Pilkinton, the Commonwealth's Attorney for Powhatan county, shot and killed State Senator William M. Flannagan this morning at Powhatan Court House.

The two men were rival candidates in the May election for the attorneyship of the county. Flannagan, the Republican, and Pilkinton the Democratic candidate. Flannagan, who held the office, was defeated by Pilkinton. The feeling between the two has been very bitter.

STRIKERS CONTINUE UNREST.

Indications of a Resumption of Trouble in Cleveland.

Cleveland, Ohio, July 3.—Owing to the bitter feeling between many of the employees of the Big Consolidated Street Railroad Company and the company, owing to the company's inability to adjust just all of the difficulties arising out of the recent strike, a resumption of the late trouble is being called for this evening to draft the grievances of the men and take such action as the exigencies of the occasion may require.

A score of arrests have been made today as a result of yesterday's rioting. The police are making a united but thus far an ineffectual effort to stop rioting.

DROWNED FROM A YACHT.

One of a Party Knocked Overboard by a Boom.

New York, July 3.—Christopher Kaw, a saloonkeeper at Hudson and York Streets, reported at Jersey City police headquarters last night that Ralph Meyer, twenty-two years old, was drowned in the afternoon from a yacht in the lower bay. Kaw had a party of friends out sailing in his cabin yacht. His guests were Meyer, Louis Pring, Frederick Keene, and Charles Van Buren.

About 5:30 o'clock Meyer was sitting on top of the cabin, when the main boom swung around and swept him overboard. Meyer jumped after him. Meyer, who had evidently been stunned by the blow from the boom, was making no effort to save himself. Keene held him up for a few minutes, and a rope was thrown from the boat, but the rope fell short and Keene was unable to grasp it. He finally became exhausted and was obliged to let Meyer go in order to save his own life.

BISHOP NEWMAN'S CONDITION.

Little Hope That the Distinguished Preacher Will Recover.

Saratoga, N. Y., July 3.—The condition of Bishop John P. Newman, who has been critically ill for several days with pneumonia and paralysis, is unimproved this morning. The bishop is making a heroic struggle for life, but his physicians have little hope of his recovery.

ENGLISHMEN AS PLAINTIFFS.

Government Officials Sued for Alleged Patent Infringements.

Sir W. G. Armstrong, Whitworth Co. (limited), of England, today, through their attorneys, William Baldwin and William Stone Albert, brought suit against Charles O'Neill, Chief of the Bureau of Ordnance of the United States, Alexander R. McCormick, Captain of the Washington Navy Yard, and Edward C. Pennington, Superintendent of the navy yard gun shops, for alleged infringement of the patent rights of the British firm.

HIS RESIGNATION ACCEPTED.

Naval Lieutenant McFarland to Retire from the Service.

The President has accepted the resignation of Lieut. Walter McFarland, U. S. N., to take effect from July 5. Lieut. McFarland is one of the best-known young officers of the service. He has accepted the position of assistant to the third vice president of the Westinghouse Company, and the charge of the electrical works near Pittsburgh.

Lieutenant McFarland was an honor man of his class at the Naval Academy, and entered the Engineer Corps. He was largely instrumental in harmonizing the differences between the line and the engineers, and helped frame the Personnel bill, which resulted from that harmonization.

Through the efforts of the bill he was transferred, with all other members of the Engineer Corps to the line. The present Administration paid Lieutenant McFarland \$10,000 for his services in pointing him the representative of the United States Navy to the International Congress of Marine Engineers and Naval Architects, held in London during the Queen's jubilee.

STATE TROOPS IN CONTROL.

Condition of Affairs at Cartersville Mines Reported Quiet.

Springfield, Ill., July 3.—Acting Governor Warder, was advised this morning that the State troops were in control of the situation at Cartersville and that everything was quiet. The condition of affairs at Cartersville is quiet. The State troops were in control of the situation at Cartersville and that everything was quiet.

The Gloucester at Norfolk. Norfolk, Va., July 3.—The converted yacht Gloucester, in which Lieutenant Commander Walworth was on a tour of inspection, has arrived at the navy yard from Annapolis. The Gloucester is here for repairs to her machinery.

Gunboat Nashville Out of Order.

Norfolk, Va., July 3.—The gunboat Nashville, which arrived here Friday after her long trip to the Mississippi River, is in dry dock at the navy yard. There is something wrong with her bottom, which will necessitate the replacing of several plates. A survey is now being held on the ship.

Kappa Alpha Men in Session.

Lexington, Ky., July 3.—The National Kappa Alpha Fraternity met here in annual session at 10 o'clock this morning. S. C. Cross and E. G. Porter, of Washington, D. C., are among the delegates. Committees were appointed this morning and the session adjourned until this afternoon. There will be a grand ball tonight.

Habit Dog Killed.

A dog supposed to be suffering from rabies was killed this afternoon by Policeman Jennings. His attention was called to the dog by a Mrs. McCormack, of 615 I Street northwest.

Casualty Report From General Otis.

General Otis, in the following despatch dated today, reports:

Additional casualties, killed: Fourth Cavalry, at Montipul, June 28, Company C, William Nolan; Seventeenth Infantry, near Fernando, 19th, Company E, John C. McFarland; Wounded, Twelfth Infantry, Company L, William H. Hines; also, slight: Company F, Aaron C. Wise; slight: First Iowa, Company C, Edward F. Brown; slight, moderate.

\$16 to Chattanooga and Return \$10

turn via Pennsylvania Railroad.

Tickets on sale for 7:55 a. m. train, from Sixth Street station Friday, July 7, good to return, when properly validated, until August 3, 1899. Only \$10 for the round trip. Second class, excursion July 28.

\$1.25 per 100 square feet for the

best boards ever sold in town.

KOLLSAAT AND FORAKER

The Chicago Editor a Visitor at the White House.

He Declares That the President Did Not Know in Advance of His Attack on the Ohio Senator—Intends to Keep Up the Fight to a Finish. Plenty of Ammunition to Spare.

President McKinley had a long conference this morning with Secretary Alger, H. H. Kohlsaat, owner and editor of the "Chicago Times-Herald," and John W. Mackey, of the same city.

Mr. Kohlsaat has been making a vigorous fight in his paper against Senator Foraker of Ohio, but he declared very emphatically that Ohio politics were not discussed.

"I simply called with my friend, Mr. Mackey, who is endeavoring to adjust a personal matter for a young friend, and the Secretary of War happened to be present," said Mr. Kohlsaat. "I will say this on the Foraker matter, however. If President McKinley had been consulted before the articles in my paper appeared, and I had followed his advice, they never would have been printed. The President knew nothing of the matter until he returned from New England and saw the papers. Senator Hanna knows nothing of the matter yet. Although I presume by this time he has received the papers containing the articles."

"I have felt for ten years past that Foraker was not a fit man to be in politics, and I have gathered together data on a number of his transactions and have been printing them."

When asked if the fight would be discontinued, Mr. Kohlsaat replied that it would not. "I have plenty of other material which can and will be used, until Ohio politics are made somewhat purer. We went through this same experience in Illinois, and have got rid of Loring and a lot more of his ilk."

"Did you discuss the Michigan campaign with the President this morning?" was asked of the Chicago editor. "No," said Mr. Kohlsaat. "We said nothing about that matter."

"Will your paper take a hand in the controversy between Alger and McKim in this State?"

"Well, we will do one thing at a time. We will get through with Mr. Foraker first. Then we will take up the Alger matter. The three gentlemen who had called on the President walked together to Secretary Alger's office in the War Department."

DISCORD IN THE CABINET.

Unfriendly Feelings Between Secretaries Alger and McKim.

New York, July 3.—The "Commercial Advertiser," published the following today under a Washington date line:

"The situation in the Cabinet is becoming something extraordinary. The President's tact and graciousness are drawn upon severely to maintain apparently agreeable relations in his official family. Between Secretary Alger and Secretary McKim there exists a feeling of strong and growing hostility. To the friends of either it is not concealed."

"The two Secretaries have all along been somewhat antagonistic. On many questions they have taken opposite sides before the Cabinet. Their dislike for each other has been a matter of growth. But the recent political move of Secretary Alger has emphasized the unfriendliness."

"In defending his alliance with Governor Pingree the Secretary of War referred to Secretary Alger's independence of action toward the President in regard to proposed currency legislation. He did this in a statement for publication. He claimed for himself the same freedom of independent action in political matters as the Secretary of the Treasury had taken. Mr. Alger and his friends saw in this statement a covert reflection upon the Secretary and a betrayal of Administration secrets. They even claimed that the assertions of Secretary Alger were not strictly accurate."

"There is little doubt that Secretary Alger will be the next to be removed from the Cabinet. The only question is whether the change shall take place shortly or shall be held up until the annual reports of the War Department are made. The Secretary of War's friends insist that he ought to be kept in the Cabinet until those reports are made."

Fire Destroys a Quebec Village.

Sherbrooke, Quebec, July 3.—The pretty village of Garthby on the shores of Lake Stymie, forty-seven miles from Sherbrooke, on the Quebec Central Railway, was attacked by fire on Saturday afternoon and practically wiped out of existence. The village contained about seventy-five houses with a population of about 500, but when the fire broke out it was not over a dozen houses remained standing. Four hundred people are homeless.

The Gloucester at Norfolk.

Norfolk, Va., July 3.—The converted yacht Gloucester, in which Lieutenant Commander Walworth was on a tour of inspection, has arrived at the navy yard from Annapolis. The Gloucester is here for repairs to her machinery.

Gunboat Nashville Out of Order.

Norfolk, Va., July 3.—The gunboat Nashville, which arrived here Friday after her long trip to the Mississippi River, is in dry dock at the navy yard. There is something wrong with her bottom, which will necessitate the replacing of several plates. A survey is now being held on the ship.

Kappa Alpha Men in Session.

Lexington, Ky., July 3.—The National Kappa Alpha Fraternity met here in annual session at 10 o'clock this morning. S. C. Cross and E. G. Porter, of Washington, D. C., are among the delegates. Committees were appointed this morning and the session adjourned until this afternoon. There will be a grand ball tonight.

Habit Dog Killed.

A dog supposed to be suffering from rabies was killed this afternoon by Policeman Jennings. His attention was called to the dog by a Mrs. McCormack, of 615 I Street northwest.

Casualty Report From General Otis.

General Otis, in the following despatch dated today, reports:

Additional casualties, killed: Fourth Cavalry, at Montipul, June 28, Company C, William Nolan; Seventeenth Infantry, near Fernando, 19th, Company E, John C. McFarland; Wounded, Twelfth Infantry, Company L, William H. Hines; also, slight: Company F, Aaron C. Wise; slight: First Iowa, Company C, Edward F. Brown; slight, moderate.

\$16 to Chattanooga and Return \$10

turn via Pennsylvania Railroad.

Tickets on sale for 7:55 a. m. train, from Sixth Street station Friday, July 7, good to return, when properly validated, until August 3, 1899. Only \$10 for the round trip. Second class, excursion July 28.

\$1.25 per 100 square feet for the

best boards ever sold in town.

UKASE AGAIN